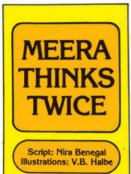


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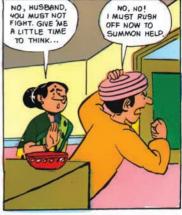




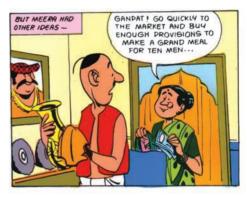














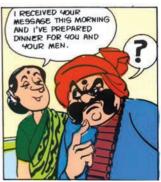


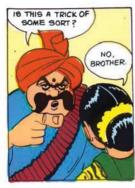


















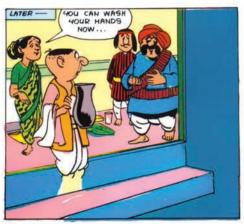




























This Happened To Me...

How to Own the Agra Fort

During the summer holidays, I was travelling to Agra from Delhi on a tourist bus. On the way the passengers got down for refreshments. A young man sitting next to me kept his handkerchief on his seat. When he returned there was an old man sitting on the seat he had reserved. The young man asked the old man to vacate his seat as he had left his handkerchief on it before alighting from the bus.

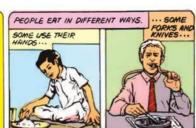
The old man became angry and said, "By keeping your hanky on the seat, you say the seat is yours. Why don't you keep your coat on the Agra Fort so that it will also become yours!"

This true-life story has been sent by Vinay Dixit of Calcutta



Animal **Eating** Habits

Script: Vaijayanti Wagle Illustrations: Goutam Sen







SMALLER MONKEYS ARE NO SO WELL - MANNERED. THEY USE THEIR HANDS TO STUFF THEIR MOUTHS WITH FOOD.



CAN EAT IN THEIR CHEEK POUCHES, THEN THEY EAT IT AT LEISURE.



RACDONS ARE FUSSY. THEY DEMAND CLEANLY-NEGS! USING THEIR FRONT FEET, THEY WASH THEIR FOOD BEFORE SETTLING DOWN TO



TRAPS HUNDREDS OF ANTS ON ITS STICKY SURFACE.

THE ANTERTER PUSHES IT'S LONG

TONGLE INTO AN ANT NEST AND



WHIPS OUT AT GREAT SPEED AND CAPTURES THE SURARS-ED VICTIM ON'A STICKY KNOB AT ITS END.

THE PARROT'S TONGUE IS A SMALL ROUND STUB. BUT IT HELPS TO PUSH FOOD INTO ITS PROPER PLACE BEFORE THE BEAK CRUNCHES IT.

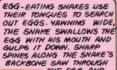


THE CLEVER WOODPECKER TRPS ON TREE-TRUMS, FRIGHTENED WISECTS COME SCURRYING OUT AND THE WOODPECKERS LONG TONGUE SHOOTS OUT TO GRITHER THEM.



THE SNAIL'S TONGUE IS ROUGH, BUT IT IS USEFUL IN SCRAPING AND TEARING LEAVES WHICH THE SNAIL RELISHES.





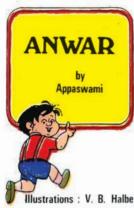


THE SCORPION HAS A THY MOUTH

THE SCORPION HAS A TIMY MOUTH BUT LOVES LARGE INSECTS AND SOMETIMES EVEN RATS. IT PARALYSES ITS VICTUM WITH A STING AND THEN INJECTS IT WITH A PLUID WHICH TURNS ALL THE SOFT MATTER INTO LIQUID! MOW THE SCORPION HAS ONLY TO SUCK IT UP.

THE PENGUIN'S TONGUE IS BARBED. TO CATCH HIS FOOD THE PENGUIN OPENS HIS MOUTH AND TAKES A BIG GULP OF FIGH AND WATER. THE FISH GET CAUGHT ON THE BARBS AND THE WATER IS THEN SPAT OUT.

















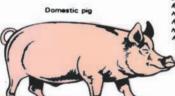




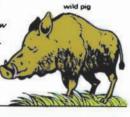
Script: Luis Fernandes Illustrations: Chitrangad

THE HIPPOPOTAMUS IS ONE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST ANIMALS. IT IS NOT FOUND IN INDIA ...





.. BUT HERE WE CAN RELATIVE, THE PIQ. HIPPOS AND PIAS ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE HAD A COMMON ANCESTOR NOT SO VERY LONG AGO.



PORE AND BEARS ARE COUSINS. YOU CAN SEE THE RESEMBLANCE IN THEIR FACES. THEY BOTH MAYE LONG MOSES WITH COLD WET TIPS. BOTH MAYE SIMILAR SETS OF TEETH.



Dog's skull showing tang-like canine teeth near the front of the mouth



THE HYRAX WHICH IS ABOUT THE SIZE OF A RABBIT IS THE SMALLEST HOOVED MAMMAL IN THE WORLD.



ANOTHER RELATIVE OF THE ELEPHANT THAT HARDLY RESEMBLES IT IS THE SEA-COW. THE SEA-COW IS AN AQUATIC MAMMAL AND DIES VERY QUICKLY IF STRANDED ON LAND. BUT LIKE THE ELEPHANT IT IS A VEGETARIAN, LIVING ON SEAWEEDS AND SEA - PLANTS . THE OKAPI IS A SHY ANIMAL THAT LIVES IN THE DENSE FORESTS OF CENTRAL AFRICA THE REST OF THE WORLD CAME TO KNOW ABOUT IT ONLY ABOUT EIGHTY YEARS AGO ITS RELATIVE THE GIRAFFE, HAS BEEN A CELEBRITY FOR CENTURIES . THE TAPIR IS FOUND IN SOUTH AMERICA AND MALRYSIA. IT LOOKS LIKE A MINIATURE ELEMANT WITH ITS TRUNK SAWN OFF. BUT DESPITE ITS APPEARANCE, ITS CLOSEST THE RHINOCEROS







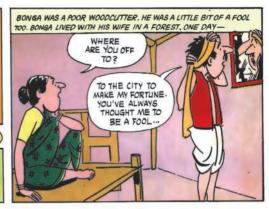




Bonga to the rescue

Story: Mrs. Shalini Banerjee

Script: Prasad lyer Illustrations: V.B. Halbe

















































MONKEY TRICKS!

Readers' Choice

Based on a story sent by C.V. Kishore

> Illustrations Asavari Ranade

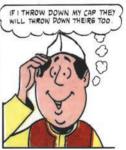




























POSTHASTE



Based on a story sent by Naiju C.D., Cochin Illustrations: Teegies



















SELF SACRIFICE

Readers' Choice

Based on a story sent by Varindra Singh, Faridabad

Illustrations: Ram Waeerkar





VILAMBABUDDHI TOOF SUCH A FANCY TO THE THREE CLAY IDOLS THAT HE OPDERED HIS MEN TO GUARD THEM DAY AND NIGHT.













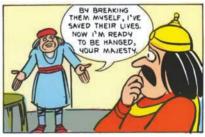




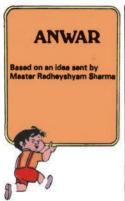
























THE BOY ON THE BRIDGE

Story: Valjayanti Tonpe Script: Dev Nadkarni

This story won the first Prize in the Tinkle Original Story Competition

Ram Waeerkar

















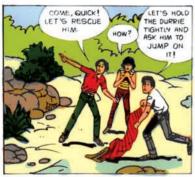
























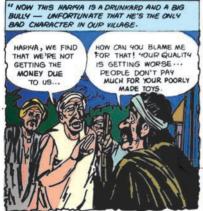










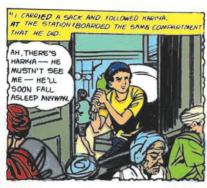


























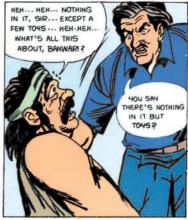


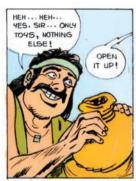




















THE MISERLY COUPLE



Based on a story sent by Aditi Karwankar, Hyderabad

Illustrations: Ram Waeerkar































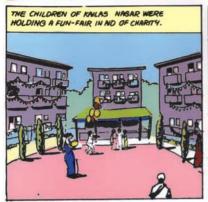




THE CHERRY ON TOP

This story won the Second Prize in the Tinkle Original Story Competition

Story: Sujata Desai Script: Nira Benegal Illustrations: V.B. Halbe













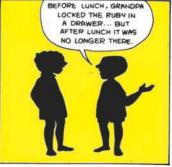














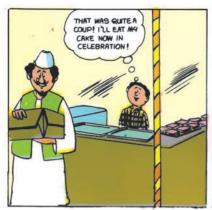








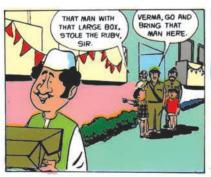
























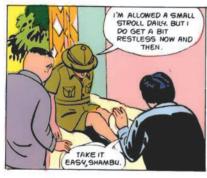


























































IN "REEL" LIFE!

Mustrations: Ram Waeerkar





















Face in the Mirror

A Suppandi Tale

Readers' Choice

Based on a story sent by Farid Shaikh, Mumbai Illustrations: Ram Waeerkar











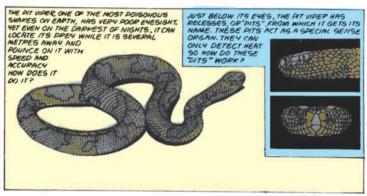










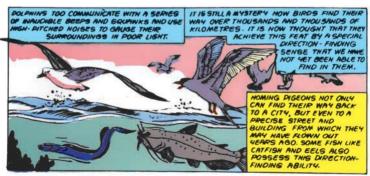


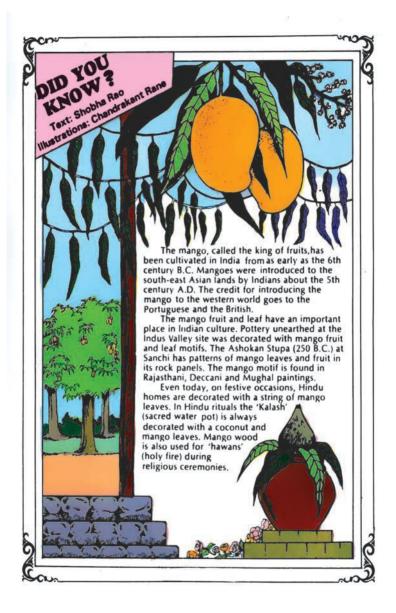
THE PITS APE ABLE TO DETECT DIFFERENCES IN TEMPERATURE. NOW YOU KNOW THAT ALL MAMMALS LIKE MICE. PABBITS, SQUIRRELS LWHICH THE VIPERS COBBLE UP WITH GREAT RELISH) ARE WARM-BLOODED CPEATURES THE TEMPERATURE OF THEIR BODIES IS HIGHER THAN THAT OF THE SURROUNDINGS. AND THUS THE "DITS" DETECT THIS DIFFERENCE AND HELP THE WIPER GET AT ITS PREY.











THE ONE ABOVE Illustrations: Ram Waeerkar

READERS'
CHOICE

Based on a story sent by B. Subba Naidu, Ongolu





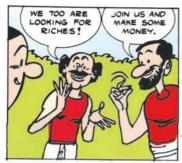


















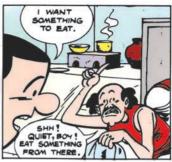


































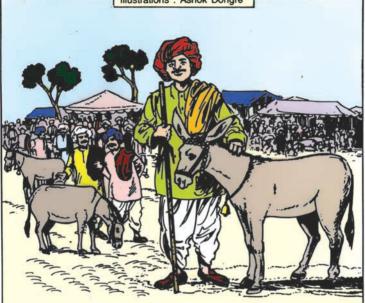






DID YOU KNOW?

Text: Swarn Khandpur Illustrations: Ashok Dongre



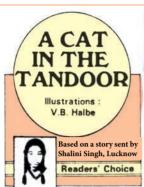
Every year, a few days before Dassehra, a donkey fair is held at the small village of Luliabas hear Jaipur in Rajasthan.

The best donkeys of Rajasthan and the neighbouring states are brought to Luliabas by their proud owners for display and sale.

The donkey, as you may know, is a domesticated ass. The nick-name of 'donkey' was given to it in the 18th century.

The donkey is a patient beast of burden and can carry heavy loads, completely out of proportion to its size. In spite of this good, useful work, it has earned a bad reputation for being slow and stubborn.

Although the poor animal gets scant attention on other days of the year, at the time of the Luliabas fair, it becomes the centre of attention.



















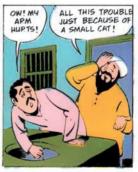


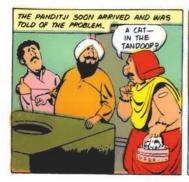


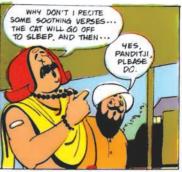
















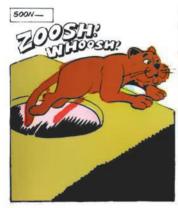




















A Nasruddin Hodia Tale

Readers' Choice

Based on a story sent by
Meeta Gupta, New Delhi
Illustrations: Ram Waeerkar

















































Based on a story sent by Illustrations: Francis Silveira, Bombay Bapu Patil









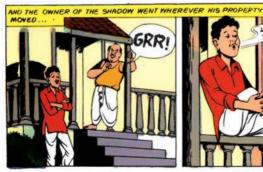




































WHY THE BABY SAYS GOO GOO

Story: Floating Eagle Feather Script: Dev Nadkarni Illustations: Ram Waeerkar























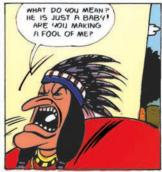






































































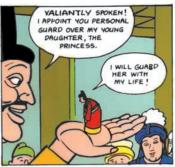












































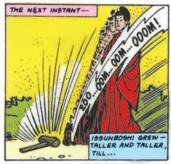
























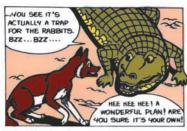






















































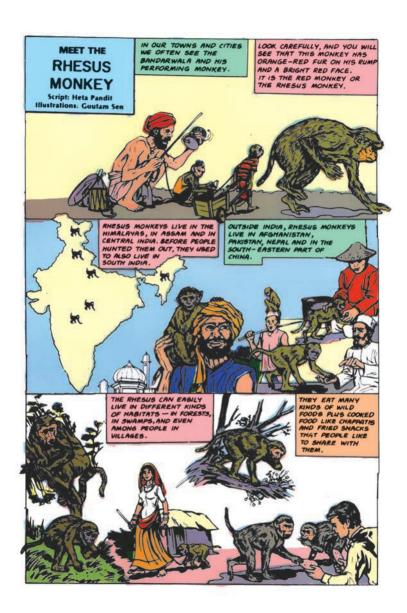


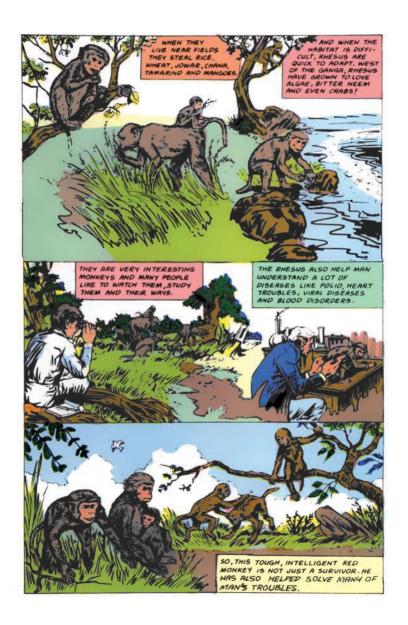










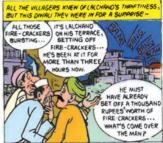


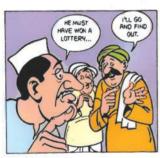




Illustrations: Anand Mande



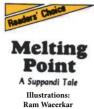






















































Mooshik Based on an idea sent by R. Lalitha, Thanjavur







Mooshik

Based on an idea sent by Sanjay Pai, Bangalore







Mooshik Based on an idea sent by Siddiqui Khalid, Bombay







SILENT STRUGGLE

A Nasruddin Hodja Tale

Script: Prasad Iyer

Illustrations: Ram Waeerkar



























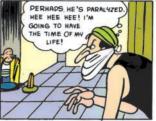






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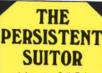












-A Nigerian Folk-Tale

Script: Luis Fernandes Illustrations: V. B. Halbe









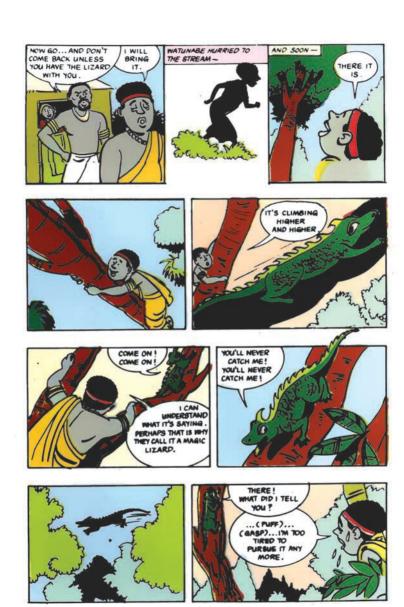














































THE CLEVER KING Illustrations: Teegies Readers' Choice

Based on a story sent by S. Selva Kumar



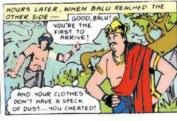










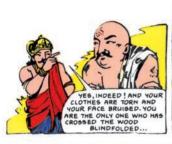














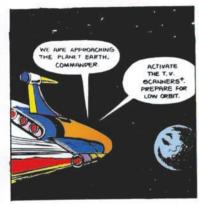


CHIMPU'S SPACE ADVENTURE

This story won a Consolation Prize in the Tinkle Original Story Competition.

Story D.P. Banerji Script: Prasad lyer Illustrations: Ajit Vasaikar









+ CAMERAG























































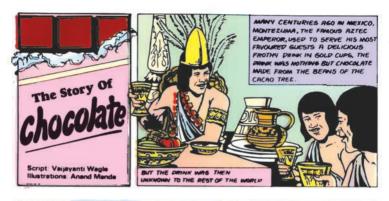


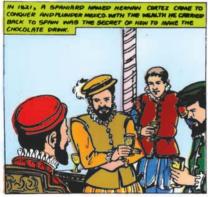






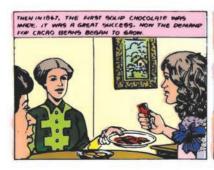


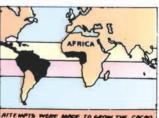






PRINKING CHOCOLATE BECAME VERY

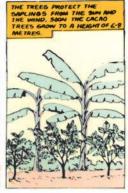


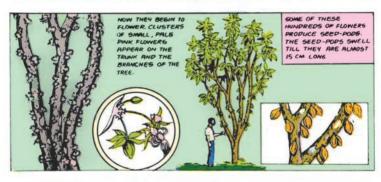


ATTEMPTS WERE MADE TO GROW THE CACAO TREE IN STIBLE PRATES OF THE WORLD. IT FLOWINSHED IN THE HOT, WIT LAMPS OF MESTERN REFICA. TODAY MUCH OF THE WORLD'S SUPPLY OF CACAO BEAMS COMES FROM HERE.













MERE THE POPS ARE CAREFULLY SLICED OPEN. INSIDE EACH POD LIE ABOUT FORTY PURPLE BEAMS COVERED WITH A WHITE PULP.



THE BEAMS ARE SCOOPER OUT OF THE POP AND HEAPED IN MOUNDS ON LARGE BANANA LERVES. THE MOUNDS ARE THEN COVERED WITH MORE



UNDER THE BANNING LEAVES THE CACAO BERNO BEGIN TO FERMENT AND THE WHITE PULP AROUND



THE BEANS ARE SPREAD OUT TO DRY IN THE SUN. GRADUALLY THE



THE DRIED BEANS ARE PACKED IN SACKS AND TAKEN TO A DEPOT TO



FROM HERE THE SACKS ARE TRANSPORTED TO THE NEAREST

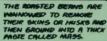


... AND EXPORTED TO FACTORIES ALL OVER THE WORLD. IT HAS BEEN A LONG JOURNEY. BUT THE STORY DOESN'T END HERE. IN FACT IT IS JUST

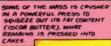


FOR , IN THE FACTORIES , THE BEANS WILL BE POUNDED INTO COCOA- POWDER OR MADE INTO CHOCOLATE. TO DO THIS THE BEAMS ARE FIRST CLEANED AND THEN ROASTED IN LARGE ROASTING OVENS.











THE CAKES ARE CRUSHED AND GROUND INTO A FINE POINDER KNOWN AS COCON. THE COCON POINDER IS PUT INTO TINS AND SOLD IN SHOPS, IT CAN BE USED TO MAKE DRINKING-CHOCOLATE.



THE REMAINING MASS IS PLACED IN MELANGEUR * MORE COLOR BUTTER AND SUGAR ARE ADDED TO THIS MASS



THE MIXTURE IS THEN PUBLED TO AND FRO FOR HOURS TO MAKE IT SMOOTH IN A CONCHING MACHINE.



... AND THEN POUREP INTO POLISHED MOULDS. THE MOULDS TRAVEL ON A CONVEYOR BELT TO A COLD ROOM TO



THE CHOCOLATE IS READY.



*PRONOUNCEP "MAY-LON-JER"



Based on a story sent by Manjit Singh

Illustrations: Anand Mande















PARTY FUN

Things needed: Two balloons of different colours, one needle or pin.

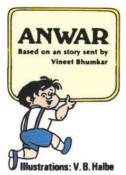


Put the lighter-coloured balloon inside the darker one and blow into the inner balloon to inflate both. Now tie the mouth of the inner balloon and blow a little more into the outer one to create a small space filled with air, between the two balloons. Then

tie the mouth of the outer balloon also and hang it somewhere out of reach of your guests.

During the party, if you see that your guests are bored, insert the needle into the outer balloon. It will burst with a bang. Everyone's attention will be drawn to it. And they won't believe their eyes when they see the balloon intact (they will of course be seeing the inner balloon which is now exposed.) But now that you've got their attention, show them one or two other tricks or announce a game to liven up the party.









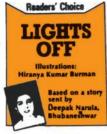




































MEET THE

LATE ONE NIGHT. A GREEN TURTLE ARRIVES ON THE SHORE OF A BEACH. THE BEACH IS A STRANGE AND MYSTERIOUS PLACE AND THE TURTLE PEERS AROUND ANXIOUSLY . ALL IS SAFE .

AND SO THE TURTLE CONTINUES HER JOURNEY UP THE BEACH. THE JOURNEY IS DIFFICULT. OUT OF THE WATER, THE TURTLE'S CARAPACE (AS THE OUTER SHELL IS KNOWN) IS HEAVY.

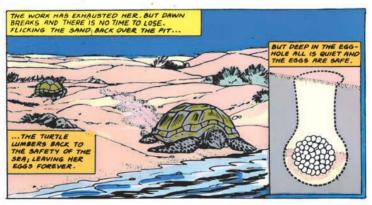


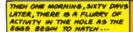
Illustrations:



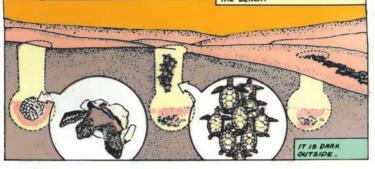






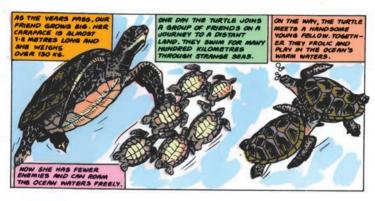


... AND THE LITTLE TURTLES FIGHT TO MAKE THEIR WAY TO THE SURFACE. JUST BENEATH THE SURFACE THEY STOP AND WAIT. AS THE SUN SETS AND THE SANDS COOL, THE TURTLES POUR OUT OF THE PIT AND ONTO THE BEACH.

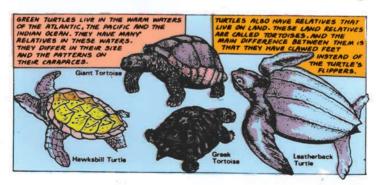












GANGU'S OUESTIONS

READERS' CHOICE

Based on a story sent by Abhinav Checker, Mumbai







































THE MESSENGER WHO RAN AWAY

Script: L. Prabhu Illustrations: V.B. Halbe HASAN WAS IN A BAD MOOD BECAUSE HE WAS SURE THE MERCHANT, YEZDI, HAD CHEATED HIM IN A BUSINESS DEAL—











































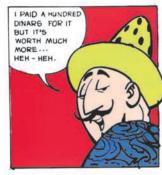




























Illustrations: Ajit Vasaikar

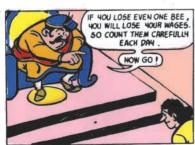


































































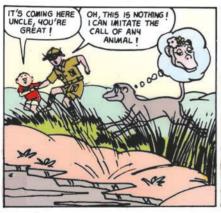
































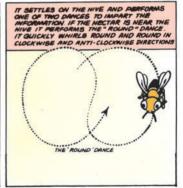
ALL OF YOU MUST HAVE WATCHED PEOPLE DANCING .. BUT DID YOU KNOW THAT BEES ALSO DANCE ? NOW BEES ARE VERY BUSINESS - LIKE AND THEY DON'T PLEASURE AS HUMAN BEINGS DO. THE DANCE

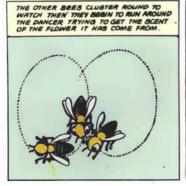
VERY DEEP SIGNIFICANCE

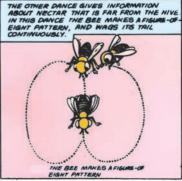
INDEED.



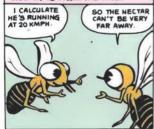
BEES COMMUNICATE WITH ONE ANOTHER THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF DANCE FOR EXAMPL WHEN A BEE FINDS NECTAR IT RETURNS TO THE HIVE TO TELL THE OTHER BEES WHERE IT CAN BE FOUND . ! HE'S BURSTING



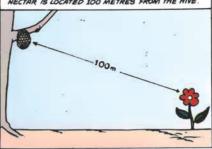




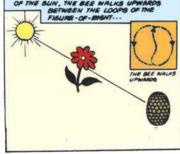
THE SIZE OF THE LOOPS OF THE PIGURE OF EIGHT AND THE SPEED AT WHICH THE BEE RUNS TELLS THE OTHER BEES HOW FAR THE NECTAR IS FROM THE HIVE.

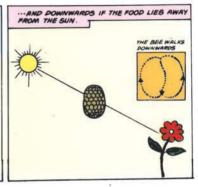


FOR EXAMPLE, IF IT MAKES TEN LOOPS IN 25 SECONDS IT TELLS THE OTHER BEES THAT THE NECTAR IS LOCATED TOO METRES FROM THE HIVE.



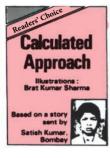
THE DANCE ALSO TELLS THE OTHER BEES NOW TO GET TO THE PLACE. IF THE MECTAR-BEARING FLOWERS ARE IN THE DIRECTION OF THE SUN, THE BEE WALKS UPWARDS DETWICEN THE LOOPS OF THE FIGURE OF JOHNST.



















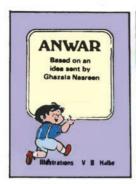




















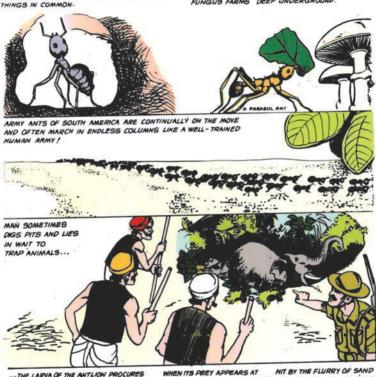




THE HUMAN SIDE

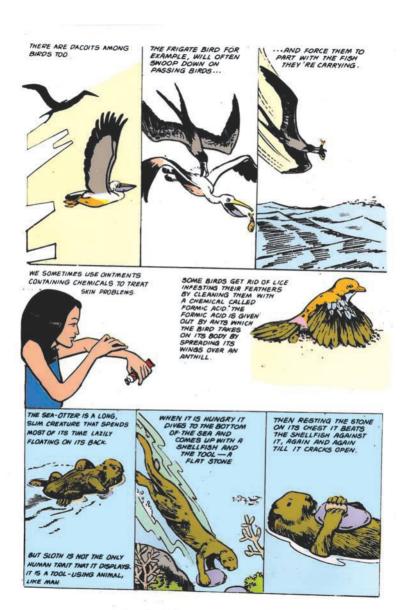
Script: Prasad Iyer Illustrations: Aiit Vasaikar

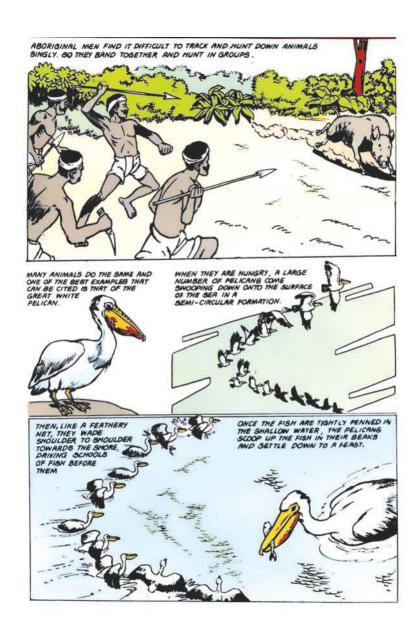
WHEN YOU GET UP IN THE MORNING, YOU STRETCH OUT AND YAWN- ANTS BEGIN THE DAY IN THE SAME WAY. INDEED, ANTS AND HUMANS HAVE MANY THINGS IN COMMON. LIKE HUMAN BEINGS THEY STORE UP FOOD FOR A RAINY DAY. SOME ANTS LIKE THE "PARASOL ANTS" EVEN CULTIVATE AND MAINTAIN FUNGUS FARMS DEEP UNDERGROUND.



...THE LARVA OF THE ANTLION PROCURES ITS MEAL IN A SHALLAR FASHON. IT DISS A PIT ABOUT GCM IN DIAMETER AND LIES QUIETLY AT THE BOTTOM TO AMBUSH ANY UNWARY CREATURE THAT MIGHT PASS BY. WHEN ITS PREY APPEARS AT THE TOP OF THE PIT, IT QUICKLY SCOOPS SAND ONTO ITS HEAD AND HURLS IT AT THE CREATURE. HIT BY THE FLURRY OF SAND THE PREY LOSES ITS BALANCE AND TUMBLES INTO THE PIT. STRAIGHT INTO THE WAITING JAWS OF THE PREPATOR.



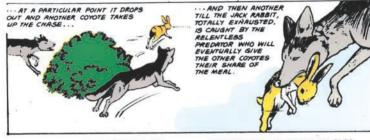




THE COYOTES OF NORTH AMERICA ALSO BELIEVE IN CLOSE CO-OPERATION WHILE HUNTING THEIR FAVOURITE PREY, THE JACK RABBIT CAN RUN A GOOD PERL FASTEST COYOTE. SO THE CUNNING COYOTES ORGANISE A RELAY RACE TO BRING DOWN THEIR QUARRY.

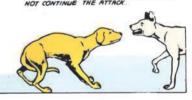


WHEN A JACK RABBIT IS SIGHTED, A COYOTE LEAPS AFFER IT IN PURSUIT THE JACK RABBIT FLEES AND SURE ENOUGH THE PURSUER BEGINS TO LAG BEHIND. BUT IT KEEPS UP THE PURSUIT...



HUMAN BEINGS OFTEN HAVE FIGHTS AND
VERY OFTEN WHEN ONE OF THE COMBITANTS IS
PERENTED, HE SURRENDERS, HOLDING UP HIS
HANDS TO BEG FOR
MERCY.

MUCH THE SAME HAPPENS WITH DOGS.
WHEN ONE DOG IS VANGUISHED IN A
FIGHT IT WILL STAND STILL AND SO LONG
AS IT REMAINS STILL THE OTHER WILL
NOT CONTUNE THE ATTACK.



WOLVES ALSO OFFER AND ACCEPT SURRENDER.
A DEFEATED WOLF WILL STRETCH OUT ITS
NECK AND GENERALLY ADOPT AN ATTITUDE OF
ASSIGNT HUMIL



MOST OF US ARE TOUCHY ABOUT OUR SOCIAL STATUS AND SO ARE MANY OTHER ANIMALS.

FOR EXAMPLE, CHICKENS IN A CHICKEN
COOP ESTABLISH A "PECKING ORDER"
WHEREBY THE STRONGER
CHICKENS CAN PECK THE
WEARER ONES.

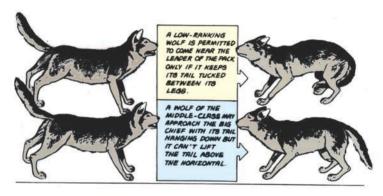
PUT SEVERAL SWORDTAILS IN A TANK AND THEY WILL FIGHT AMONG THEMSELVES TO FIND OUT WHO CAN DOMINATE WHO. ONCE THE SOCIAL HIERARCHY "HAS BEEN FIXED THE FISH SETTLE DOWN TO EVERYDAY LIFE

A HIGH SOCIAL STATUS HAS MANY ADVANTAGES. THE SWORDTALL AT THE TOP OF THE SOCIAL LADDER GETS TO EAT THE CHOICEST MORSELS AND CAN OCCUPY ANY CORNER OF THE TANK IT LIKES!



CASTE SYSTEMS HAVE ALWAYS BEEN THE BANE OF THE HUMAN SOCIAL STRUCTURE. BUT SOMETHING SIMILAR TO THE CASTE SYSTEM IS PREVALENT AMONG ANIMALS TOO AND THEY OBSERVE THE RULES OF CONDUCT WITH THE UTMOST SOLEMNITY AND CEREMONY.

WOLVES ARE VERY CONSCIOUS OF THE VARIOUS CASTES TO WHICH EACH WOLF BELONGS AND THE BEHAVIOUR OF EACH WOLF TOWARDS ANOTHER IS FIXED BY THE CASTE RULES.



BABOONS TOO ARE EXTREMELY CASTE-CONSCIOUS. ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ACTIVITIES OF BABOONS IS TO GROOM ONE ANOTHER - BUT EVEN IN THIS, SEVERAL FORMALITIES OF CASTE HAVE TO BE FOLLOWED

A MATURE FEMALE OF A HIGH CASTE MAY GROOM THE BOSS OF THE BAND WITH BOTH HANDS ...

... BUT A MALE, EVEN IF HE IS OF A HIGHER CASTE, MAY USE ONLY ONE HAND.

THE MALE OF A LOWER CASTE MUST USE ONLY ONE FINGER...



LOOK AT THE BOSS!

^{*} GRADES OF AUTHORITY FROM THE HIGHEST TO THE LOWEST

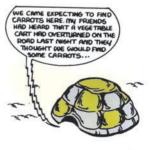




































A Pat on the Back of Ahiri

Script: Gayatri M. Dutt Illustrations: Bapu Patil













* A FIXED COMBINATION OF NOTATIONS IN INDIAN MUSIC.





















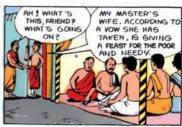
































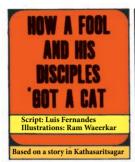
































































ALL THIS TIME
I THOUGHT I WAS A
BOY. NO WONDER I
WAS ALWAYS GETTING
INTO TROUBLE WITH MY
PARENTS. I BEHAVED
LIKE A BOY INSTEAD
OF A CAT.



























Based on a story sent by Jasjit Singh,

Bombay

















PRACTISE WHAT YOU PREACH



















THE PERFECTIONIST

Based on a story sent by T. Vasudevan Vinite, Mumbai

Illustrations: Ram Waeerkar



THEY HAD ONE THING IN COMMON:
THEIR FRONT YEETH JUTTED OUT
OF THEIR MOUTHS.

IT'S GETTING
LATE WE'D
BETTER GO
HOME
CHINTU.















































































HIBERNATION

Script: Prasad Iyer Illustrations: Ajit Vasaikar

A CHILL WIND IS BLOWING ACROSS THE FLAT LANDSCAPE.
TREES BEGIN TO SHED THEIR LEAVES AND GENTLE
SNOWFLAKES FALL FROM THE SKY...

... THIS PORCUPINE KNOWS THAT WINTER IS ON ITS WAY AND IT IS TIME HE FOUND A NICE CUBBY-HOLE.





AH! HE'S FOUND ONE. HE SLIPS INSIDE, ROLLS INTO A BALL AND GOES TO SLEEP. OUR FRIEND

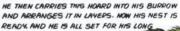


AS THE TIME DRAWS NEAP FOR THEIR WINTEP REST, ANIMALS THAT HIBERNATE GORGE THEMSELVES ON FOOD AND BECOME FATTER AND FATTER. THE FAT STORED IN THEIR BIODIES IS

THE ONLY SOURCE OF ENERGY AVAILABLE TO THEM WHEN THEY GO TO SLEEP.



THE WOODCHUCK IS AN INTERESTING SPECIMEN OF AN ALL-WINTER HIBERNATOR, DURING SUMMER HE GATHERS LARGE QUANTITIES OF GRASS, LEAVES AND SMALL PLANTS, AND





DURING HIBEPHATION WOODCHUCKS TAKE ONLY
ABOUT 36,000 BREATHS IN 15 DAYS, AS MANY
AS IN A SINGLE DAY DURING
SUMMER!



WHEN THEY WAKE UP THEY FEED ON ACCOMS AND NUTS THAT THEY HAVE STORED IN SUMMER. BATS EVERYWHERE SLEEP DURING THE DAY-TIME AND HUNT IN THE NIGHT. BUT IN COLD COUNTRIES BATS MIBERNATE DURING WINTER AND SLEEP FOR WEEKS AND MONTHS. THEIR BLOOD TEMPERATURE GOES DOWN STEERLY. SOME KINDS OF BATS CONTINUE TO SLEEP EVEN IF THEIR BLOOD BECOMES COLDER THAN ICE.



NOT ALL HIBERNATORS SLUMBER THPOUGHOUT WINTER ANIMALS SUCH AS SQUIRRELS. PRAIRIE DOGS, CHIPMUNKS AND GOPHERS GO TO SLEEP WHEN IT BECOMES COLD,...

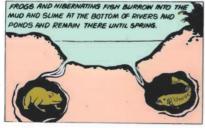


... WAKE UP WHEN THE WEATHER BECOMES WARNER, EAT A LITTLE AND THEN GO BACK TO SLEEP.

SOME SPECIES OF SNAKES, LIZARDS, FROGS AND FIGH TOO HIBERNATE DURING WINTER.

RATTLESNAKES GATHER IN CAVES OR HOLLOWS AND HIBERNATE IN GROUPS OF 20 OR MORE.





SNAILS SEAL UP THE MOUTHS OF THEIR SHELLS WITH DRIED SLIME AND SLEEP TILL IT IS TIME TO WAKE UP.



COLD-WEATHER SLEEP IS CALLED HIBERNATION — BUT SOME ANIMALS PREFER TO SLEEP DURING SUMMER TO ESCAPE THE HEAT. THIS IS CALLED ESTIVATION.

THE GOATHERD AND THE TIGER

Script: Gayatri Madan Dutt Illustrations: Ashok Dongre























FEAR OF THE TIGER, HAD TO SAY OTHERWISE

































*A COVERING MADE OF LEAVES PINNED TOGETHER

** A SWEET DELICACY

























